

Effects of duloxetine hydrochloride on chronic lower back pain

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None of the authors has any potential conflict of interest



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Background Context:

Antidepressants are recommended pharmaceutical drugs according to lower back pain treatment guidelines.

However, there are no reports on the clinical outcomes of duloxetine hydrochloride to date since its approval in Japan in March 2016.

Purpose:

The purpose of this study is to examine the efficacy of duloxetine hydrochloride in patients with chronic lower back pain by prescribing it to them.

Study Design/Setting:

Retrospective study using patient medical charts.

Patient Sample:

The subjects comprised **82** patients

(28 men, 54 women, mean age: **74** years)

The dose of duloxetine was increased from 20 mg/day and increase to the target dose of 60 mg/day.

Outcome Measure:

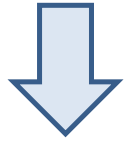
Japanese Orthopaedic Association Back Pain Evaluation Questionnaire (JOABPEQ) .

2 weeks, 1 month, 2 months and 3 months after initiating treatment

baseline pain
lumbar spine function
walking ability
social life
mental health

Results:

82 Patients



14 patients (17%)

due to initial adverse events such as dysphoria and nausea

68 Patients



8 patients (11.8%)

referred to a nearby clinic due to the patient's desire to be followed up

60 Patients



9 patients (13.2%)

no-show on the appointment date

51 Patients



4 patients (5.9%)

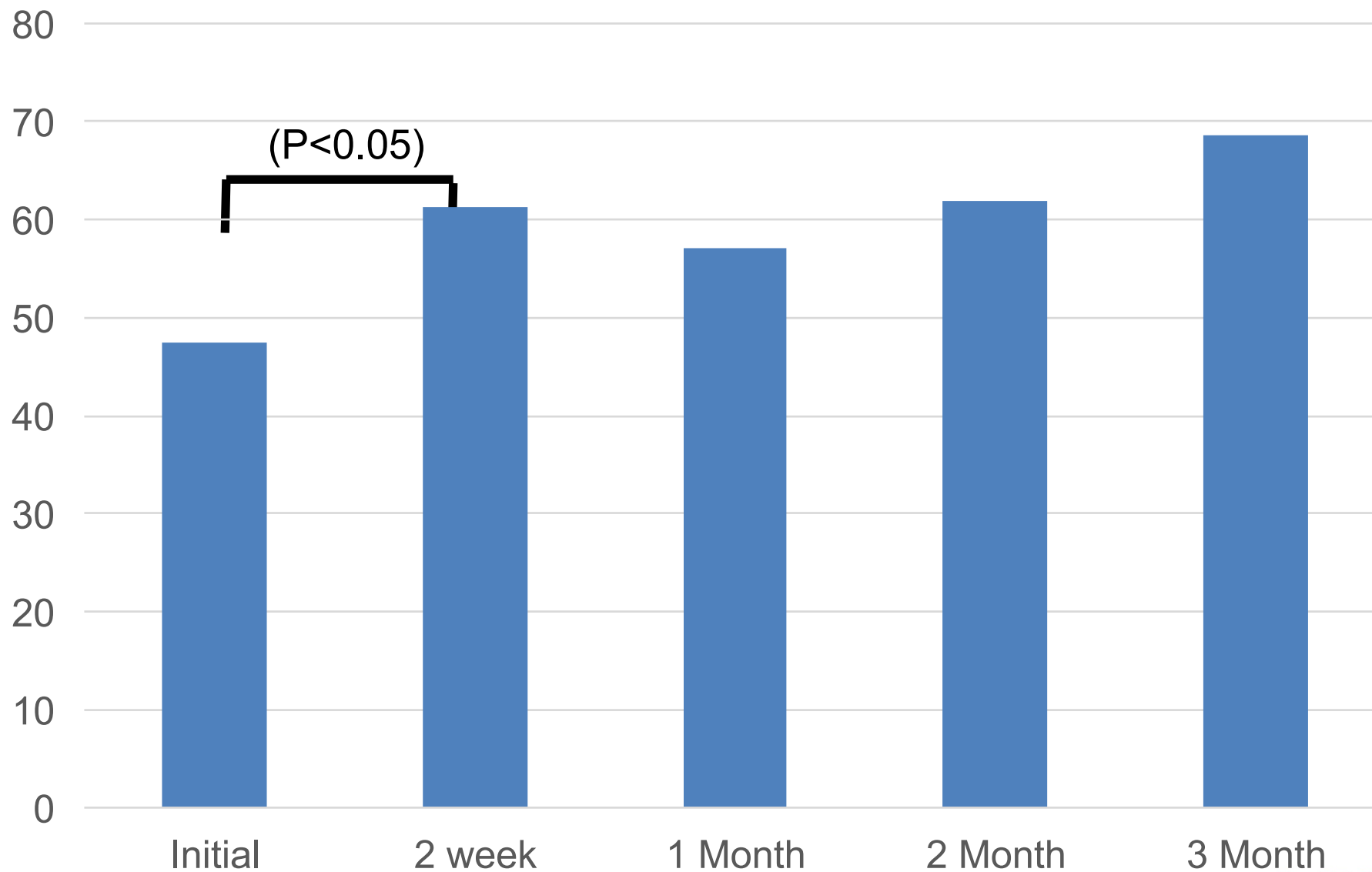
did not consent to having their scores used in this study

47 Patients

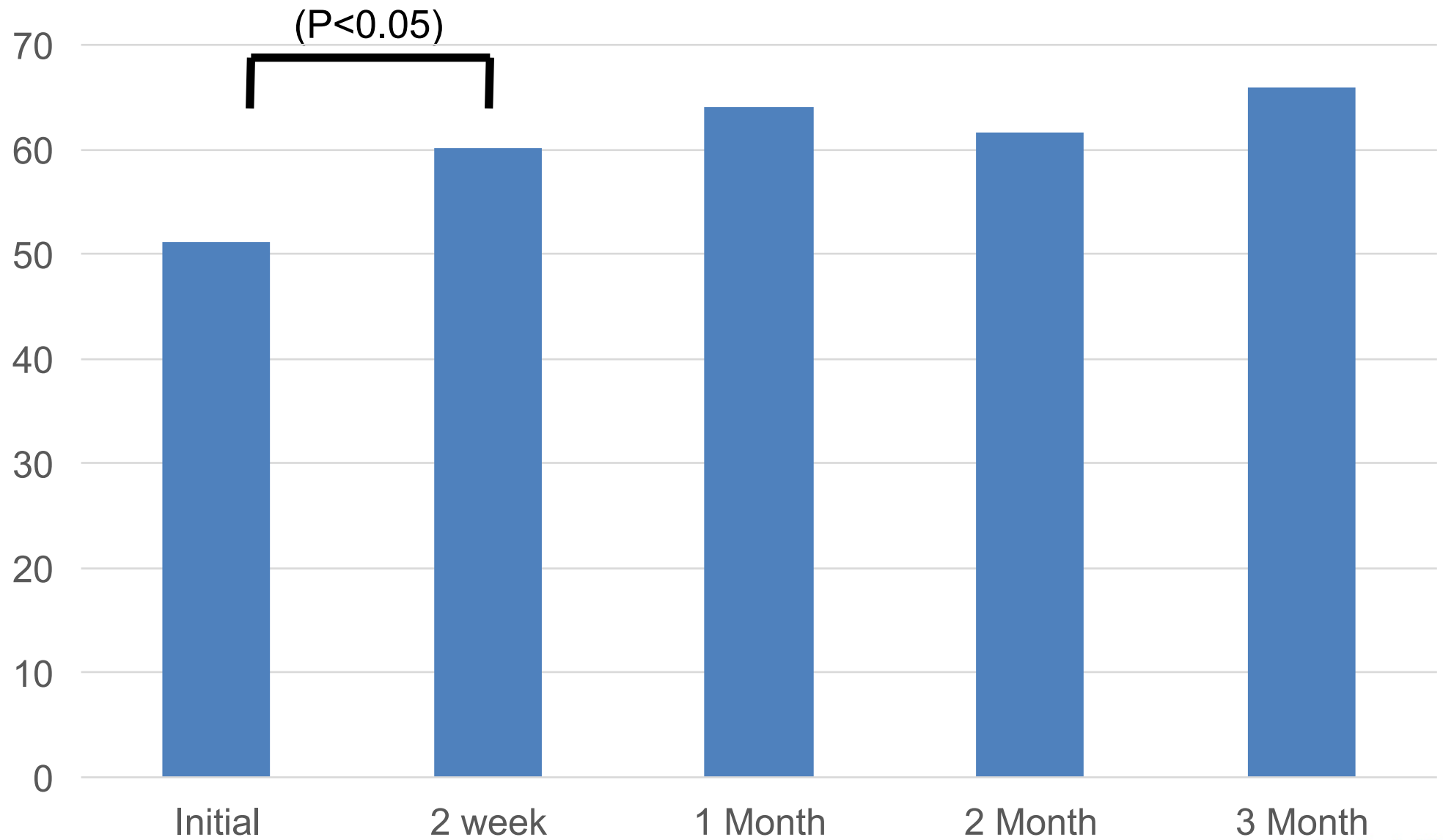
47 of 68 (69%)

continuing treatment who were followed up for 3 months

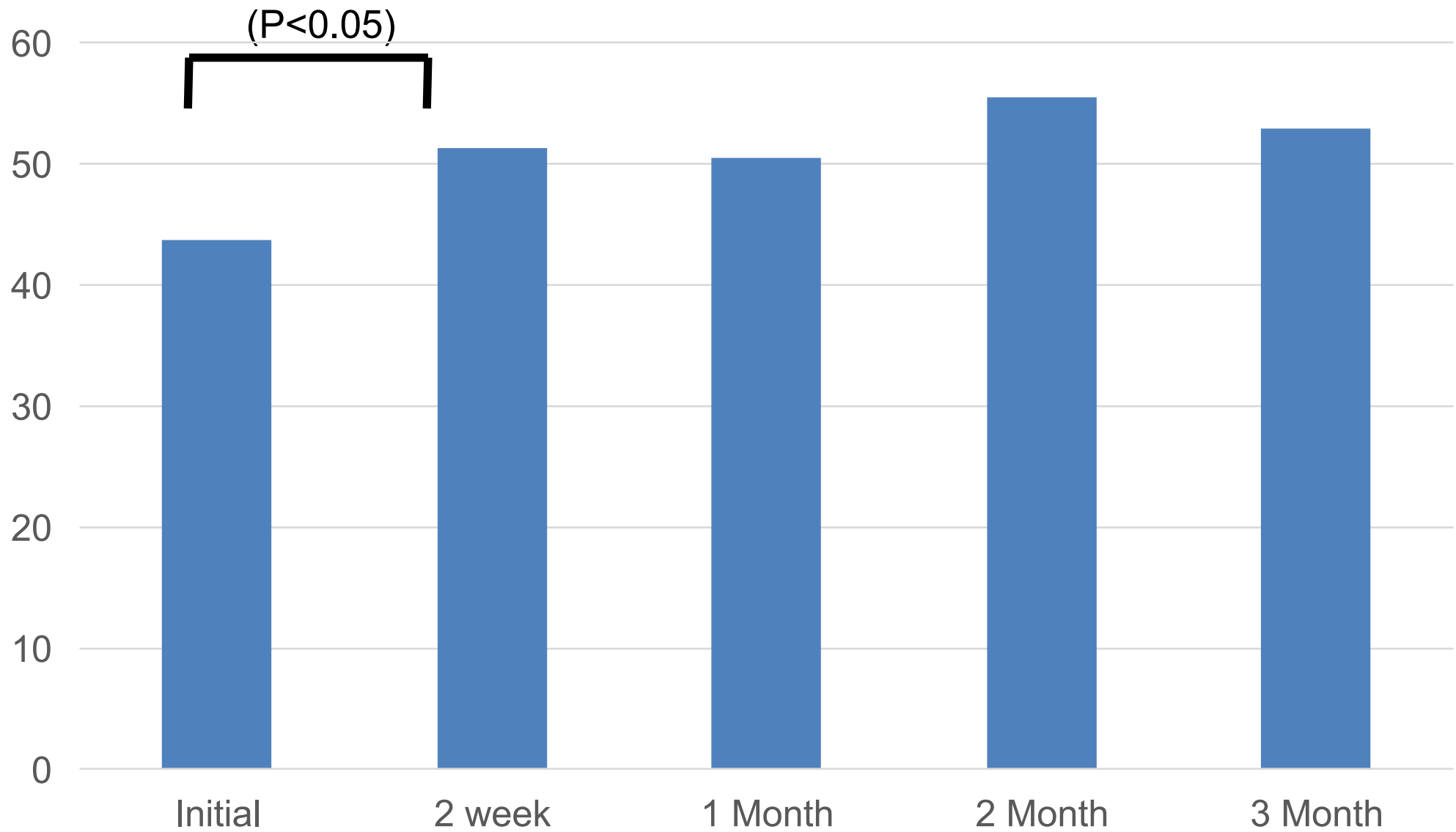
Results: Pain Score



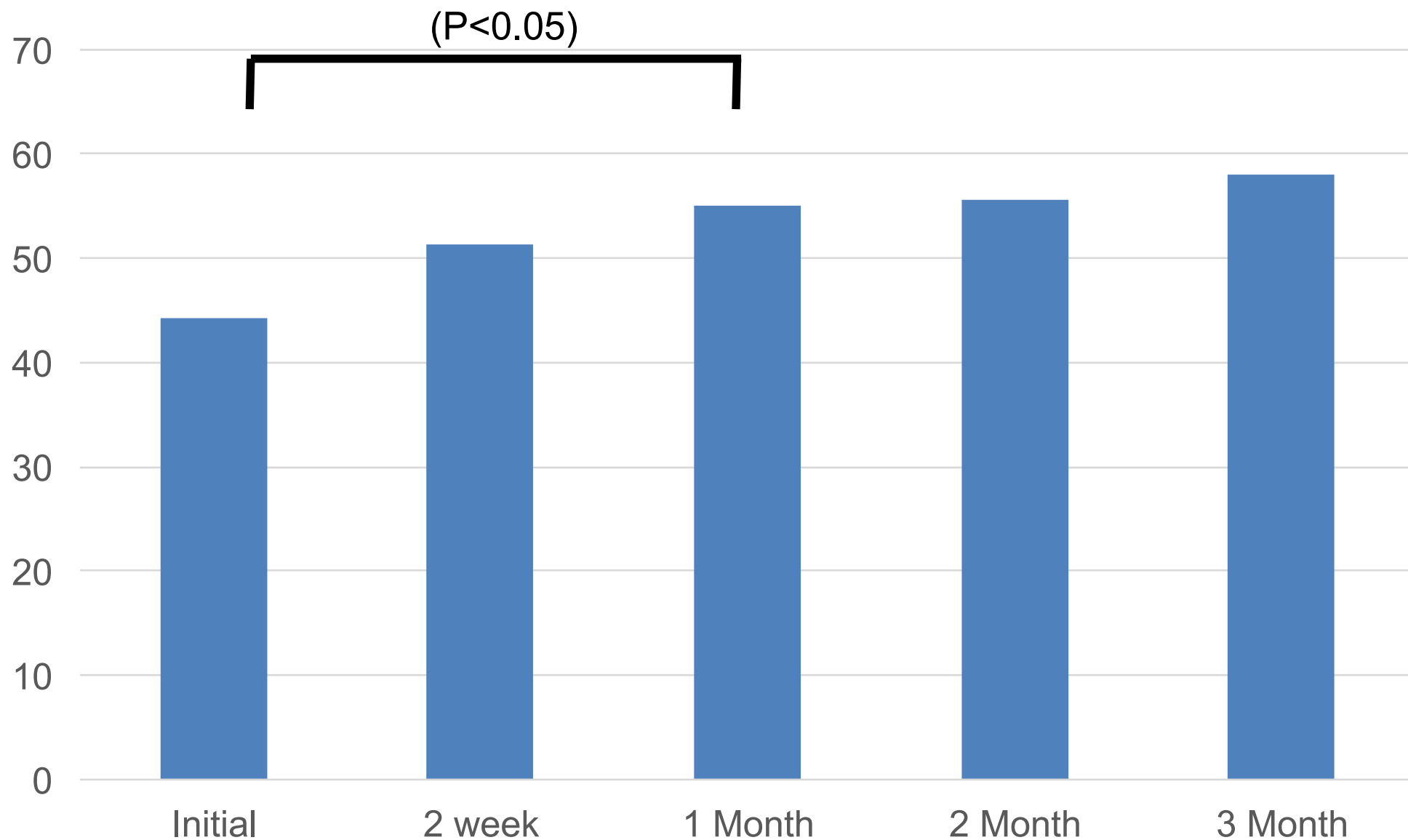
Results: lumbar spine function



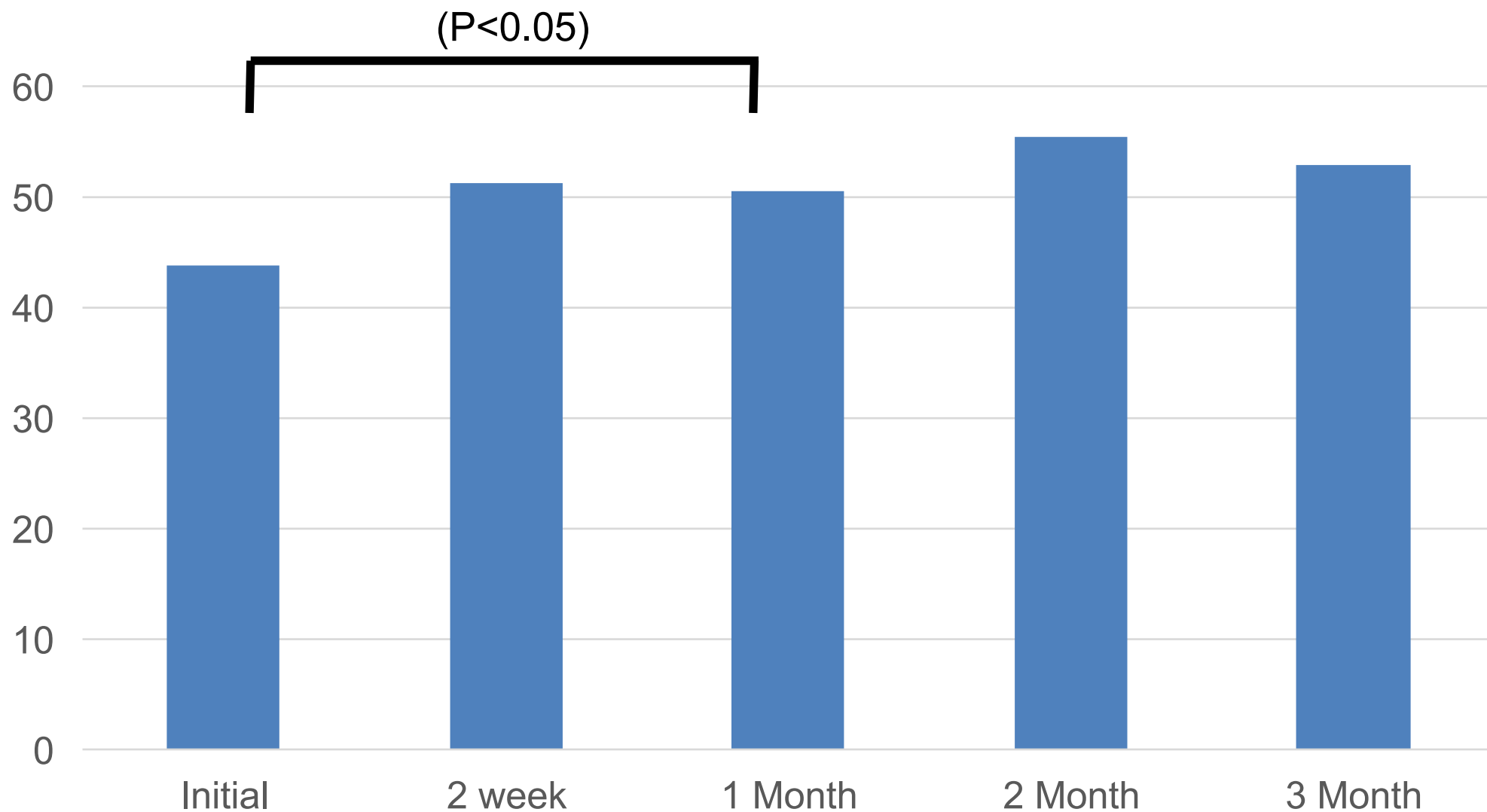
Results: social life



Results: Walking



Results: mental health



Discussion:

Early pain reduction may predict improvements quality of life

Tsuji T et al : J Pain Res.10:2157-2168.2017

Duloxetine-treated patients reported significantly
greater improvements and some health outcomes

Skljarevski V et al : J Pain.11:1282-90.2010

Our survey did not include QOL study.
➡ Future investigations are required

Discussion:

15.2% of duloxetine treatment discontinued because of adverse events

Skljarevski V et al. J Pain. 11:1282-90. 2010

Duloxetine treatment was considered to be safe and well tolerated with **less than 20 percent** discontinuation due to adverse events.

David J. Goldstein et al. Pain. 166:109-118. 2005

Our Survey includes **17%** discontinued cases
due to adverse events

Conclusions:

Although there was a high dropout rate for duloxetine hydrochloride, it was effective for the treatment of chronic lower back pain.

Future investigations are required on cases that discontinue treatment.